Name: Key

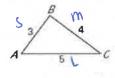


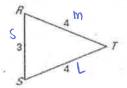
- I can SSS[~], and SAS[~] to show that triangles are similar.
- I can use SSS~ and SAS~ to find side lengths and angle measures.

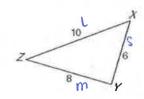
Theorem Name	What it says	Example with explanation
Side-Side-Side Similarity SSS~	If the three sides of one triangle are proportional to the three sides of another triangle, then the triangles are similar. (Check to see if the ratios of the three corresponding sides are the same, if they are, the reduced fraction is your scale factor and the triangles are similar!)	$\frac{short}{short}, \frac{medium}{medium}, \frac{long}{long} \Rightarrow \frac{10}{12}, \frac{12}{14.4}, \frac{15}{18}$ the three fractions reduce to $\frac{5}{6}$ $\triangle ABC \triangle \Delta DEF \ by \ SSS : \ with scale \ factor \frac{5}{6}$
Side-Angle-Side Similarity SAS~	If two sides of one triangle are proportional to two sides of another triangle and their included angles are congruent, then the triangles are similar. (Check to see if the ratios of two pairs of corresponding sides reduce to the same fraction and that the angles that joins the two sides are congruent)	$\frac{short}{short}, \frac{long}{long} \Rightarrow \frac{10}{12}, \frac{16}{18}$ $both \ fractions \ reduce \ to \ \frac{5}{6}$ $and \ their \ included \ angles \ are \ both \ 57^{\circ}$ $\Delta ABC \Rightarrow \Delta DEF \ by \ SAS : \ with \ scale \ factor \ \frac{5}{6}$

\checkmark . I can use the SSS~ to identify similar triangles.

1) Is either $\triangle RST$ or $\triangle XYZ$ similar to $\triangle ABC$?







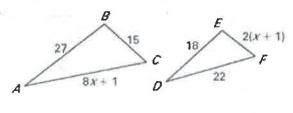
$$\frac{\triangle ABC}{\triangle RST}$$
: $\frac{3}{3}$, $\frac{4}{4}$, $\frac{6}{4}$ \rightarrow not similar

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
\Delta ABC & 3 & 4 & 5 \\
\hline
\Delta XYZ & 6 & 8 & 10
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
\downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\
\downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\
\downarrow & 1 & 2
\end{array}$$

✓ I can use SSS~ to solve problems.

2) Find the value of x that makes $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$



$$\Delta ABC$$
 ΔDEF
 DE
 EF
 DF

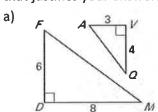
$$\frac{27}{18} = \frac{15}{2x+2} = \frac{8x+1}{22}$$

$$\frac{270 = 27(2x+2)}{270 = 54x+54}$$

$$\frac{216 = 54x}{28x+2} \Rightarrow x = 4$$

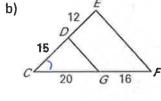
✓ I can use SAS~ to identify similar triangles.

3) Are the triangles similar? If so, write a similarity statement and state the similarity postulate or theorem that justifies your answer.



$$\frac{\text{FO}}{\text{OV}}$$
, $\frac{\text{DM}}{\text{VA}} \Rightarrow \frac{6}{4}$, $\frac{8}{3} \Rightarrow \frac{3}{2}$, $\frac{8}{3}$

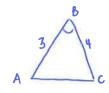
not similar, corr. sides are not proportional

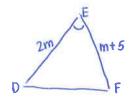


$$\frac{CD}{CE}$$
, $\frac{CG}{CF} \Rightarrow \frac{15}{27}$, $\frac{20}{36} \Rightarrow \frac{5}{9}$, $\frac{5}{9}$

Yes, the sides are proportional and <c (the included angle) is shared by both D's so $\triangle CDG \sim \triangle CEF$

- √ I can use SAS~ to solve problems.
 - 4) Find the value of m that makes $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$ when AB = 3, BC = 4, DE = 2m, and EF = m + 5, $\angle B \cong \angle E$.





$$\frac{AB}{DE} \neq \frac{BC}{EF} \Rightarrow \frac{3}{2m} = \frac{4}{m+5} \Rightarrow 8m = 3m+15$$

$$5m = 15$$

$$m = 3$$

5) You are building a lean-to shelter starting from a tree branch, as shown. Can you construct the right end so it is similar to the left end using the angle measures and lengths shown?

