

• I can identify and name congruent figures

Two geometric figures are ______if they have exactly the same *size* and *shape*.

In two congruent figures, *all parts* of one figure are congruent to corresponding parts of the other figure.

So when you write a congruence statement, always list the corresponding vertices ______.

Example #1

Since corresponding parts across corresponding figures are congruent, complete the following congruence statements for $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle DEF$ below.

We can look at the markings on angles and the sides to determine that:

Congruent angles:

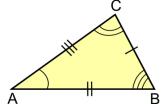
Congruent sides:

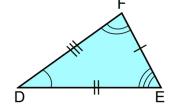
____ ≅ ____ ___ ≅ ____

____ ≅ ____

___ \(\sigma \) \

____ ≅ ____





Since we know corresponding parts of congruent triangles are congruent : Δ \cong Δ

Example #2 Try On Your Own!

State the corresponding parts of the triangles below, then write a congruence statement.

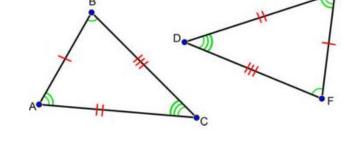
Congruent angles:

Congruent sides:

____≅___

____ ≅____

____ ≅____ ___ ≅____ ____≅___ ___≅____



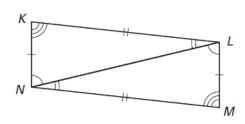
So since we know corresponding parts of congruent triangles are congruent : Δ _____ \cong Δ _____

Key Concept	
Reflexive Property	Examples:

In triangle congruence, the reflexive property is used when two triangles ______

Example #3





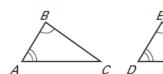
So since we know corresponding parts of congruent triangles are congruent : Δ _____ \cong Δ _____

Theorem 4.3

Third Angles Theorem:

If two angles of one triangle are congruent to two angles of another triangle, then the third angles

are also ______.

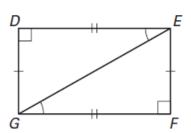


If $\angle B \cong \angle E$ and $\angle A \cong \angle D$

then _____

Example #4

Congruent angles: Congruent sides:



So since we know corresponding parts of congruent triangles are congruent : Δ _____ \cong Δ _____

Example #5

Given $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEF$, find the values of x and y.

