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## Date:

$\qquad$ Period: $\qquad$

Use pages 651-653 of your Geometry textbook to help you fill out the vocab chart below.

| Vocabulary Term |  | Definition |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Circle |  | Example/sketch/notation |
| Radius |  |  |
| Diameter |  |  |
| Secant |  |  |
| Chord |  |  |
| Tangent |  |  |

Use the vocabulary chart above to complete the following.

1. The $\qquad$ of a circle is the set of all points inside the circle.
2. A $\qquad$ is a line that intersects a circle at two points.
3. Is a diameter a chord? Why or why not? $\qquad$
$\qquad$
4. What is the difference between a chord and a secant? $\qquad$

Match the notation with the term that best describes it.
5. $D$
A. Center
6. $\overleftrightarrow{D E}$ $\qquad$ B. Chord
7. $\overline{C D}$ $\qquad$ C. Diameter
8. $\overline{A B}$ $\qquad$ D. Radius
9. $C$ $\qquad$ E. Point of tangency
10. $\overleftrightarrow{A B}$ $\qquad$ F. Tangent

11. $\overline{A D}$ $\qquad$ G. Secant

A line, ray, or segment that is tangent to two coplanar circles is called a common tangent.


Use the diagram below to find the following lengths.
12. What are the diameter and radius of $\odot A$ ?
13. What are the diameter and radius of $\odot B$ ?
14. What can you conclude about $\odot A$ and $\odot B$ ?

15. What is the point of intersection of $\odot A$ and $\odot B$ ?
16. Draw all common tangents to $\odot A$ and $\odot B$. Write the equations of the tangent lines.

