

Geo H 4.1-4.7 Quiz Review Puzzle

① $x-2+x-2+4x+10=180$

$$6x+6=180$$

$$6x=174$$

$$\boxed{x=29}$$

$$3y+x-2=180$$

$$3y+29-2=180$$

$$3y+27=180$$

$$3y=153$$

$$\boxed{y=51}$$

② $5x-7+x+25+90=180$

$$6x+108=180$$

$$6x=72$$

$$\boxed{x=12}$$

or $5x-7+x+25=90$

$$6x+18=90$$

$$6x=72$$

$$\boxed{x=12}$$

③ isosceles, obtuse

④ $m\angle 1 + 45 + 56 = 180$

$$m\angle 1 + 101 = 180$$

$$\boxed{m\angle 1 = 79^\circ}$$

$$79 + 50 + m\angle 2 = 180$$

$$129 + m\angle 2 = 180$$

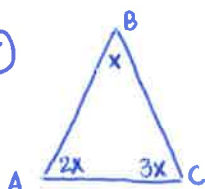
$$\boxed{m\angle 2 = 51^\circ}$$

$$51 + 90 + m\angle 3 = 180$$

$$141 + m\angle 3 = 180$$

$$\boxed{m\angle 3 = 39^\circ}$$

⑤



$$x+2x+3x=180$$

$$6x=180$$

$$x=30$$

$$m\angle A = 60^\circ$$

$$m\angle B = 30^\circ$$

$$m\angle C = 90^\circ$$

⑥ $5x-30 = 3x-9+x$

$$5x-30 = 4x-9$$

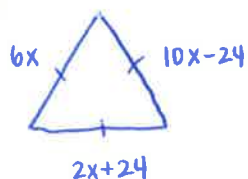
$$x-30 = -9$$

$$x=21$$

$$m\angle B = 3(21) - 9$$

$$\boxed{m\angle B = 54^\circ}$$

⑦



$$6x = 2x + 24$$

$$4x = 24$$

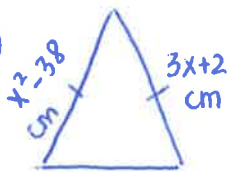
$$x = 6$$

$$\text{Sides: } 6(6), 10(6)-24, 2(6)+24 \\ = 36, 36, 36$$

$$\text{Perimeter} = 36 + 36 + 36$$

$$\boxed{P = 108 \text{ units}}$$

8



$$\begin{aligned}x^2 - 38 &= 3x + 2 \\x^2 - 3x - 40 &= 0 \\(x - 8)(x + 5) &= 0 \\x &= 8, x = -5\end{aligned}$$

check: $x = 8: (8)^2 - 38 = 64 - 38 = 26 \text{ cm}$
 $3(8) + 2 = 26 \text{ cm}$

~~$x = -5: (-5)^2 - 38 = 25 - 38 = -13$
 $3(-5) + 2 = -15 + 2 = -13$~~

Legs: 26cm and 26cm

Total Perimeter: 82cm

Base = $82 - 26 - 26 = \boxed{30 \text{ cm}}$

9 $2x + 15 = 5x - 27$

$15 = 3x - 27$

$42 = 3x$

$x = \boxed{14}$

$113 = 2(14) + 15 + 5(14) - 27 + 2y + 1$

$113 = 28 + 15 + 70 - 27 + 2y + 1$

$113 = 2y + 87$

$26 = 2y$

$y = \boxed{13}$

10 $AB: \sqrt{(4-2)^2 + (7-3)^2} = \sqrt{(2)^2 + (4)^2} = \sqrt{4+16} = \sqrt{20} = \sqrt{4 \cdot 5} = 2\sqrt{5}$

$BC = \sqrt{(6-4)^2 + (1-7)^2} = \sqrt{(2)^2 + (-6)^2} = \sqrt{4+36} = \sqrt{40} = \sqrt{4 \cdot 10} = 2\sqrt{10}$

$AC = \sqrt{(6-2)^2 + (1-3)^2} = \sqrt{(4)^2 + (-2)^2} = \sqrt{16+4} = \sqrt{20} = \sqrt{4 \cdot 5} = 2\sqrt{5}$

Isosceles Δ

Slope $AB = \frac{7-3}{4-2} = \frac{4}{2} = 2$ Slope $BC = \frac{1-7}{6-4} = \frac{-6}{2} = -3$ Slope $AC = \frac{1-3}{6-2} = \frac{-2}{4} = -\frac{1}{2}$

$\overline{AB} \perp \overline{AC}$ so ΔABC is a right triangle