

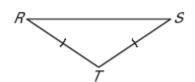
I can use theorems about isosceles and equilateral triangles to solve problems.

First things first: Some theorems that will help you solve problems in this section.

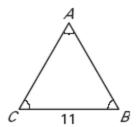
Theorem	Explanation	Picture
Base Angles Theorem	If twoof a triangle are congruent, then theopposite them are congruent	If $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{AC}$, then $\cong \underline{\qquad}$ C
Converse of the Base Angles Theorem	If two of a triangle are congruent, then the opposite them are congruent	If $\angle B \cong \angle C$, then $= = $
Corollary of the Base Angles Theorem	If a triangle is, then it is	If $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{BC} \cong \overline{AC}$, then $\cong \underline{\qquad} \cong \underline{\qquad} \cong \underline{\qquad}$
Corollary to the converse of the Base Angles Theorem	If a triangle is, then it is	$ \begin{array}{c} A \\ If \angle A \cong \angle B \cong \angle C, \text{ then} \\ \underline{\qquad} \cong \underline{\qquad} \cong \underline{\qquad} \cong \underline{\qquad} \end{array} $

Now let's try some examples:

1) In the diagram, $\overline{RT} \cong \overline{ST}$. Please name two congruent angles.

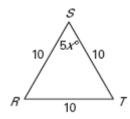


2) Find AC and AB in the triangle below.

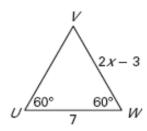


Please solve for x.

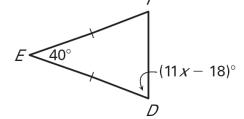
3)



4)

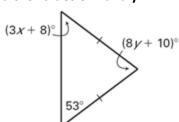


5)

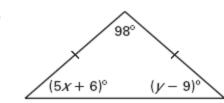


Please find the values of x and y.

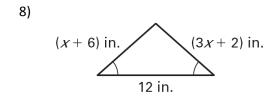
6)



7)



Please find the perimeter of the triangle.



9)
$$(12x-13) \text{ m}$$
 $(7x+2) \text{ m}$ $(2x+17) \text{ m}$