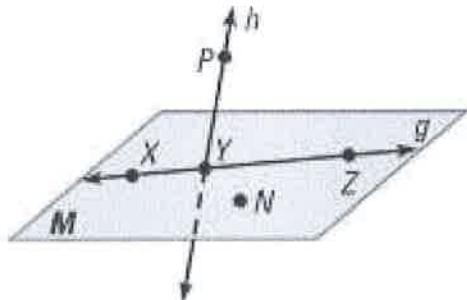


Use the diagram below to answer questions #1 – 5.

- 1) Give two other names for \overleftrightarrow{XY} .
 $\overleftrightarrow{YX}, \overleftrightarrow{Y_2}, \overleftrightarrow{2Y}, \overleftrightarrow{XZ}, \overleftrightarrow{ZX}$, line g
- 2) Name three points that are collinear.
 X, Y, Z
- 3) Name four points that are coplanar.
 X, Y, N, Z
- 4) Name a pair of opposite rays.
 $\overrightarrow{YX}, \overrightarrow{YZ}$
- 5) Name the intersection of line h and plane M.
Point Y



Use the points $A(4, -3)$, $B(1, 1)$, $C(-1, 2)$, and $D(3, 5)$ for questions #6 – 9.

6) What is the midpoint of \overline{AB} ? $A(4, -3) \quad B(1, 1)$

$$M = \left(\frac{4+1}{2}, \frac{-3+1}{2} \right) = \left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{-2}{2} \right) = \boxed{(2.5, -1)}$$

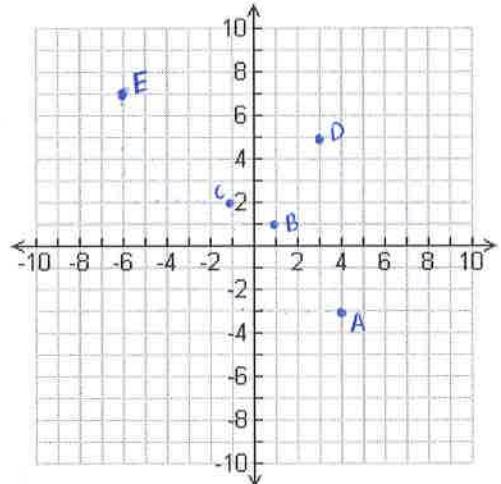
7) What is the midpoint of \overline{BC} ? $B(1, 1) \quad C(-1, 2)$

$$M = \left(\frac{1+(-1)}{2}, \frac{1+2}{2} \right) = \left(\frac{0}{2}, \frac{3}{2} \right) = \boxed{(0, 1.5)}$$

- 8) C is the midpoint of \overline{AE} . Find the coordinates of the other endpoint E.

Pattern from A to C: Left 5, Up 5

from C to E: $\boxed{\text{Endpoint } (-6, 7)}$



- 9) Please find \overline{AD} distance from A to D. Round to the nearest tenth. $A(4, -3) \quad D(3, 5)$

$$AD = \sqrt{(3-4)^2 + (5-(-3))^2}$$

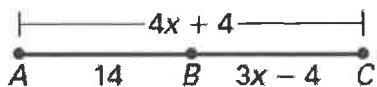
$$= \sqrt{(-1)^2 + (5+3)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{1 + (8)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{1+64}$$

$$= \sqrt{65} \approx \boxed{8.1}$$

10) a. Find AC



$$14 + 3x - 4 = 4x + 4$$

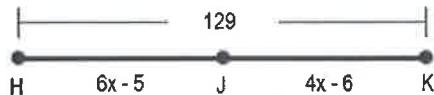
$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + 10 = 4x + 4 \\ -x \quad -3x \\ \hline 10 = x + 4 \\ -4 \quad -4 \\ \hline 6 = x \end{array}$$

$$AC = 4(6) + 4$$

$$AC = 24 + 4$$

$$\boxed{AC = 28}$$

b. Find HJ



$$6x - 5 + 4x - 6 = 129$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10x - 11 = 129 \\ +11 \quad +11 \\ \hline 10x = 140 \\ \frac{10x}{10} = \frac{140}{10} \\ x = 14 \end{array}$$

$$HJ = 6(14) - 5$$

$$HJ = 84 - 5$$

$$\boxed{HJ = 79}$$

11) Using the diagram below, is $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{CD}$? Show your work.

$$\begin{aligned} AB &= \sqrt{(4-(-2))^2 + (2-3)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{(4+2)^2 + (-1)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{(6)^2 + (-1)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{36+1} \\ &= \sqrt{37} \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{AB \approx 6.1}$$

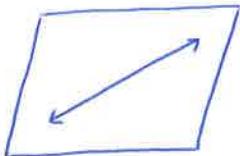
$$\begin{aligned} CD &= \sqrt{(-3-2)^2 + (-4-0)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{(-5)^2 + (-4)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{25+16} \\ &= \sqrt{41} \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{CD \approx 6.4}$$

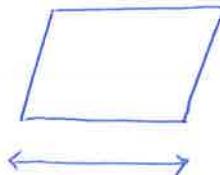
$\overline{AB} \neq \overline{CD}$ because they are not the same length

12) Please sketch the following:

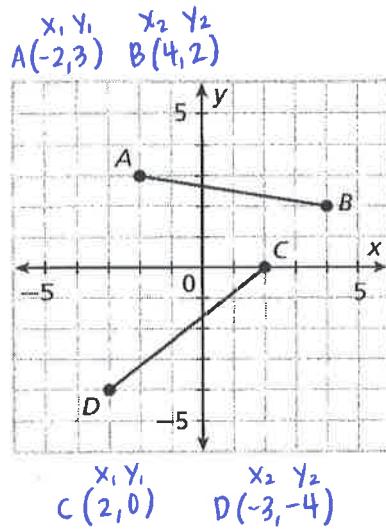
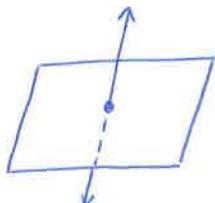
a. A line that is in the plane.



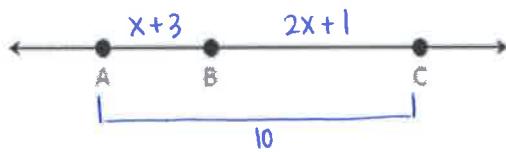
b. A plane and a line that does not intersect the plane.



c. A line that intersects a plane at one point.



- 13) Point B is between A and C on \overline{AC} . $AB = x+3$, $BC = 2x+1$, and $AC = 10$. Please solve for x and find AB and BC . (Note : figure is not drawn to scale)



$$x+3 + 2x+1 = 10$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + 4 \\ -4 \\ \hline 3x \end{array}$$

$$3x = 6$$

$$\boxed{x=2}$$

$$AB = 2+3$$

$$\boxed{AB=5}$$

$$BC = 2(2)+1$$

$$\boxed{BC=5}$$

- 14) Using the diagram below, give two **different** examples of each of the following:

a. A segment

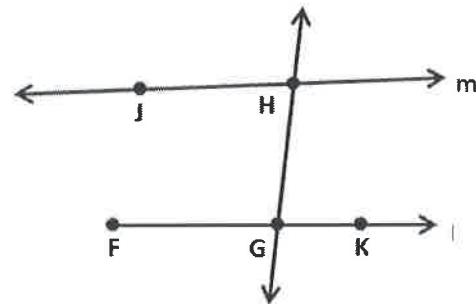
$$\overline{JH}, \overline{HG}, \overline{FG}, \overline{EK}$$

b. A ray

$$\overrightarrow{JH}, \overrightarrow{HJ}, \overrightarrow{HG}, \overrightarrow{GH}, \overrightarrow{FK}, \overrightarrow{KG}$$

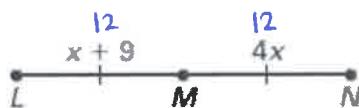
c. A line

$$\overleftrightarrow{JH}, \overleftrightarrow{HG}, \overleftrightarrow{HJ}, \overleftrightarrow{GH}, \text{ line } m$$



In the diagrams below, M is the midpoint of the segment.

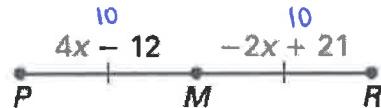
- 15) a. Find LN .



$$\begin{array}{r} x+9 = 4x \\ -x \\ \hline 9 = 3x \\ \frac{9}{3} = \frac{3x}{3} \\ 3 = x \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} LM &= 3+9 \\ &= 12 \\ LN &= 12+12 \\ \boxed{LN=24} \end{aligned}$$

- b. Find PR .

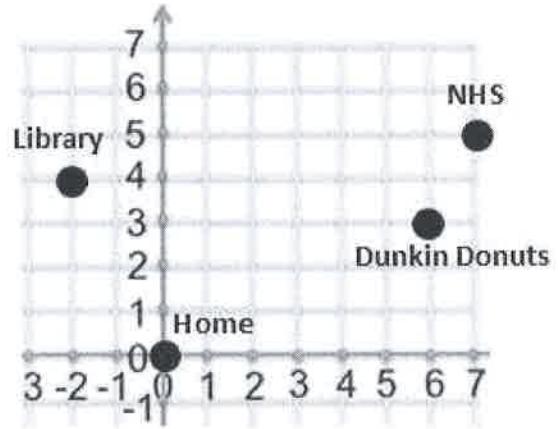


$$\begin{array}{r} 4x-12 = -2x+21 \\ +2x \quad +2x \\ \hline 6x-12 = 21 \\ +12 \quad +12 \\ \hline 6x = 33 \\ \frac{6x}{6} = \frac{33}{6} \\ x = 5.5 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} PM &= 4(5.5)-12 \\ &= 10 \\ PR &= 10+10 \\ \boxed{PR=20} \end{aligned}$$

- 16) The map at the right is a map of places that Lizzie goes frequently. Coordinates are given in miles. The locations that Lizzie visits are:

Home (0,0), Dunkin Donuts (6,3), NHS (7,5), and Library (-2, 4).



- a. How far is it from Lizzie's house to Dunkin Donuts to the nearest tenth?

$$(x_1, y_1) \rightarrow (x_2, y_2)$$

$$(0, 0) \rightarrow (6, 3)$$

$$D = \sqrt{(6-0)^2 + (3-0)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(6)^2 + (3)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{36+9}$$

$$= \sqrt{45} \approx 6.7 \text{ miles}$$

- b. If Lizzie wanted to drive from NHS to the Library and make it back to school before the end of the school day, how far would she have to travel in **TOTAL** to the nearest tenth?

$$(x_1, y_1) \rightarrow (x_2, y_2)$$

$$(7, 5) \rightarrow (-2, 4)$$

$$D = \sqrt{(-2-7)^2 + (4-5)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(-9)^2 + (-1)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{81+1}$$

$$= \sqrt{82} \approx 9.1 \text{ miles}$$

NHS \rightarrow Library : 9.1 miles

+ Library \rightarrow NHS : 9.1 miles

Total

18.2 miles

Answer Key :

1) $\overleftrightarrow{YX}, \overleftrightarrow{YZ}, \overleftrightarrow{ZY}, \overleftrightarrow{XZ}, \overleftrightarrow{ZX}$, line g ✓

2) X, Y, Z ✓

3) X, Y, N, Z ✓

4) \overrightarrow{YZ} and \overrightarrow{YX} ✓

5) Point Y ✓

6) (2.5, -1) ✓

7) (0, 1.5) ✓

8) E(-6, 7) ✓

9) 8.1 ✓

10) a. 28 ✓

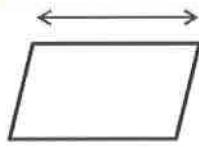
b. 79 ✓

11) AB \approx 6.1, CD \approx 6.4; Not congruent because they are not the same length. ✓

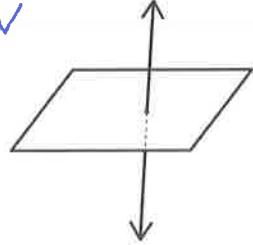
12) a. ✓



b. ✓



c. ✓



13) $x = 2$, AB = 5, BC = 5 ✓

14) a. $\overrightarrow{JH}, \overrightarrow{HG}, \overrightarrow{GF}, \overrightarrow{KG}$ ✓ b. $\overrightarrow{HJ}, \overrightarrow{FG}, \overrightarrow{FK}, \overrightarrow{GK}, \overrightarrow{HG}$ ✓ c. $\overrightarrow{JH}, \overrightarrow{HJ}, \overrightarrow{HG}, \overrightarrow{GH}$, line m ✓

15) a. 24 ✓ b. 20 ✓

16) a. 6.7 miles ✓ b. 18.2 miles ✓